



MARSHALL

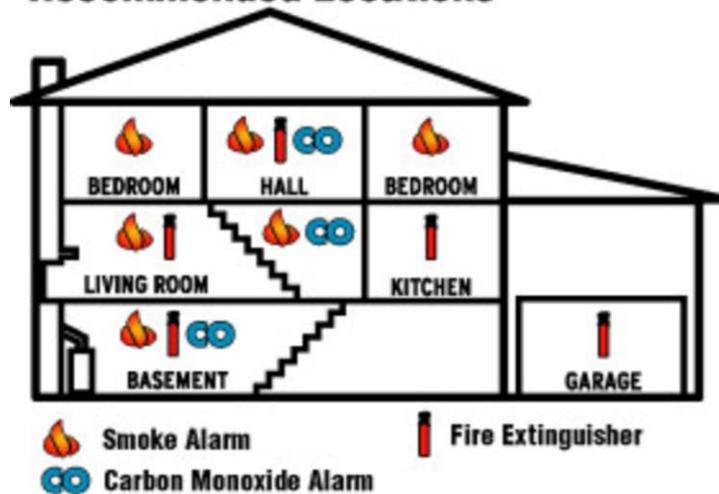
FIRE DEPARTMENT

601 S. Grove St. Marshall, Texas 75670

Tips for Smoke Detector Installation

- Detector may be mounted on the wall or the ceiling.
- Best place to mount a smoke detector is in the hallway of your home.
- Ideal mounting location is in the center of ceiling OR 4"-12" from ceiling on the wall
- Detector MUST be mounted a minimum of 4" from the edge of where the wall and ceiling meet
- DO NOT MOUNT A DETECTOR IN A CORNER OF A CEILING OR WALL
- Mount Detector away from Kitchen
- DO NOT PAINT DETECTOR
- Change the battery twice a year when the time changes
- Test Weekly
- READ THE USER MANUAL

Recommended Locations





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Smoke Alarms at Home

SMOKE ALARMS ARE A KEY PART of a home fire escape plan. When there is a fire, smoke spreads fast. Working smoke alarms give you early warning so you can get outside quickly.



SAFETY TIPS

- Install smoke alarms in every bedroom. They should also be outside each sleeping area and on every level of the home. Install alarms in the basement.
- Large homes may need extra smoke alarms.
- It is best to use interconnected smoke alarms. When one smoke alarm sounds, they all sound.
- Test all smoke alarms at least once a month. Press the test button to be sure the alarm is working.
- Current alarms on the market employ different types of technology including multi-sensing, which could include smoke and carbon monoxide combined.
- Today's smoke alarms will be more technologically advanced to respond to a multitude of fire conditions, yet mitigate false alarms.
- A smoke alarm should be on the ceiling or high on a wall. Keep smoke alarms away from the kitchen to reduce false alarms. They should be at least 10 feet (3 meters) from the stove.
- People who are hard-of-hearing or deaf can use special alarms. These alarms have strobe lights and bed shakers.
- Replace all smoke alarms when they are 10 years old.

FACTS

- ! A closed door may slow the spread of smoke, heat, and fire.
- ! Smoke alarms should be installed inside every sleeping room, outside each separate sleeping area, and on every level. Smoke alarms should be connected so when one sounds, they all sound. Most homes do not have this level of protection.
- ! Roughly 3 out of 5 fire deaths happen in homes with no smoke alarms or no working smoke alarms.



**NATIONAL FIRE
PROTECTION ASSOCIATION**
The leading information and knowledge resource
on fire, electrical and related hazards

Your Logo



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Carbon Monoxide Safety



Often called the silent killer, carbon monoxide is an invisible, odorless, colorless gas created when fuels (such as gasoline, wood, coal, natural gas, propane, oil, and methane) burn incompletely. In the home, heating and cooking equipment that burn fuel can be sources of carbon monoxide.

- » CO alarms should be installed in a central location outside each sleeping area and on every level of the home and in other locations where required by applicable laws, codes or standards. For the best protection, interconnect all CO alarms throughout the home. When one sounds, they all sound.
- » Follow the manufacturer's instructions for placement and mounting height.
- » Choose a CO alarm that has the label of a recognized testing laboratory.
- » Call your local fire department's non-emergency number to find out what number to call if the CO alarm sounds.
- » Test CO alarms at least once a month; replace them according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- » If the audible trouble signal sounds, check for low batteries. If the battery is low, replace it. If it still sounds, call the fire department.
- » If the CO alarm sounds, immediately move to a fresh air location outdoors or by an open window or door. Make sure everyone inside the home is accounted for. Call for help from a fresh air location and stay there until emergency personnel.
- » If you need to warm a vehicle, remove it from the garage immediately after starting it. Do not run a vehicle or other fueled engine or motor indoors, even if garage doors are open. Make sure the exhaust pipe of a running vehicle is not covered with snow.
- » During and after a snowstorm, make sure vents for the dryer, furnace, stove, and fireplace are clear of snow build-up.
- » A generator should be used in a well-ventilated location outdoors away from windows, doors and vent openings.
- » Gas or charcoal grills can produce CO — only use outside.

HOME HEATING EQUIPMENT



Have fuel-burning heating equipment and chimneys inspected by a professional every year before cold weather sets in. When using a fireplace, open the flue for adequate ventilation. Never use your oven to heat your home.

FACTS

- ❗ A person can be poisoned by a small amount of CO over a longer period of time or by a large amount of CO over a shorter amount of time.
- ❗ In 2005, U.S. fire departments responded to an estimated 61,100 non-fire CO incidents in which carbon monoxide was found, or an average of seven calls per hour.



Your Source for SAFETY Information

NFPA Public Education Division • 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169

www.nfpa.org/education



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FIRE EXTINGUISHER

IN CASE OF FIRE CALL 911

1. KEEP CALM
2. FOLLOW ALL EVACUATION PROCEDURES
3. FEEL THE DOOR:
 - IF DOOR IS WARM: REMAIN IN ROOM & CALL FOR HELP
 - IF DOOR IS COOL: LEAVE ROOM & CLOSE DOOR BEHIND YOU
4. IN CASE OF SMOKE:
 - CRAWL ON YOUR HANDS & KNEES
5. IF YOU ARE TRAPPED:
 - KEEP DOOR CLOSED
 - CRAWL ON YOUR HANDS & KNEES
6. USE STAIRS:
 - DO NOT USE ELEVATOR

TYPES OF FIRES	OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS
<p><input type="checkbox"/> TYPE A</p> <p>USE FOR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• trash• wood• paper• cloth• rubber• plastics 	<p>PULL</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PULL THE PIN• HOLD THE UNIT UPRIGHT
<p><input type="checkbox"/> TYPE B</p> <p>USE FOR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• liquids• grease 	<p>AIM</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• STAND BACK SEVERAL FEET FROM THE FIRE AND AIM THE NOZZLE AT THE BASE OF THE FIRE
<p><input type="checkbox"/> TYPE C</p> <p>USE FOR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• electrical equipment 	<p>SQUEEZE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• SQUEEZE THE OPERATING LEVER TO RELEASE THE EXTINGUISHING AGENT• FIRE WILL INITIALLY FLARE, BUT KEEP SQUEEZING LEVER
<p><input type="checkbox"/> TYPE D</p> <p>USE FOR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• combustible metals 	<p>SWEEP</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• SWEEP THE NOZZLE FROM SIDE TO SIDE AIMING AT THE BASE OF THE FIRE UNTIL THE FIRE GOES OUT
<p><input type="checkbox"/> TYPE K</p> <p>USE FOR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• oils• lard• fats 	

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